Covid-19 Guidance for Full Opening September 2020

RA100 V2.3

IMPORTANT – please read this information before completing this risk assessment.

This is a model risk assessment and MUST be adapted to reflect the significant hazards and control measures present in your site to allow the safe return of pupils and staff to your school. This is a live document and it must be continuously reviewed alongside the latest Covid-19 government guidance. It must also be read alongside existing risk assessments and health and safety arrangements for your school.

The control measures listed **are prompts** and will not necessarily reflect those in all establishments and you **MUST** adapt it by adding (or removing) **and outlining in detail the control measures as appropriate to your establishment.**

If you need help to complete this risk assessment, please refer to HS47 (Risk Assessment Arrangements) or telephone the Devon Health & Safety Service on 01392 382027.

Suspected or confirmed cases of COVID-19 must be reported to the local Public Health England (PHE) Health Protection team on 0300 303 8162 (press Option 1, Option 1). This will enable you to discuss the outbreak control measures that are needed and the information to be communicated to others. You should also email the school priority alert mailbox (educate.schoolspriorityalerts-mailbox@devon.gov.uk) to ensure the DCC Education team also know promptly.





Establishment/Department:	Establishment Risk
Combe Martin	Assessment

RA100 V2.3

County Council	Hangman Path, Combe Martin EX340DF	
Person(s)/Group at Risk		Date assessment completed:
Staff, Pupils, Visitors and Contractors		
		This document is to remain under
Return to school risk assessment – based on the principles and guidance contained within DfE		constant review due to the
Guidance, latest: Guidance for Full Op	ening: Link:	fast-changing nature of DfE /
		Government guidance in response to
www.gov.uk/government/publication	ns/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/g	the challenges posed by Covid-19.
uidance-for-full-opening-schools		Assessor(s):
-		Gail Holmes
on the learning to date and the practic additional risks and control measures. This risk assessment is generic, and earns ensure it is applicable to their setting with their staff regarding the risks and General guidance on completing risk. When conducting the risk assessment collaborative approach in line with Date of the risk assessment of the risk approach in line with Date of the risk assessment of the risk approach in line with Date of the risk assessment of the risk approach in line with Date of the risk approach	should revisit and update their risk assessments (building ces they have already developed), to consider the to enable a return to full capacity in the autumn term. ach school is responsible for reviewing and amending to and the latest government guidance and must consult d control measures being implemented. assessments is available at arrangements note HS47. t. it is important that the school adopts a considered fe Guidance.	
Version Control: RA 100 Version 2.1		
Update – 15/7/20, page 6. Premises re	lated matters - Management of waste	
Update – 25/08/20, page 12,13,14. Scho	ol Transport	
	14-15. Curriculum considerations (Science, art and D&T	
Music Dance and Drama – link to new	guidance and guidance for performing arts)	
Update – 25/8/20, page 8. Managing stemporary visiting staff	supply teachers, visitors, contractors and other	

Update – 25/8/20, 28/08/20, 02/09/20 page 10-11. Dealing with suspected and confirmed case/ cases and outbreak, link to access to testing kits, use of face coverings in education – link to	
new guidance, link to action cards and updated guidance of 31/820 Update – 25/8/20, page 6-7. Contaminated surfaces spreading virus.	
Update – 02/09/20, page 4. Social distancing and reducing risk of transmission, Wraparound provision	
Update – 02/09/20, page 6. Premises related matters - Hiring of premises	
Update – 15/09/20, page 16. Educational Visits - updated link.	
Update – 29/10/20, page 5 – 6. Premises related matters, ventilation to reduce to spread and thermal comfort – Updated following HSE spot checks.	
Update – 29/10/20, page 15. Curriculum considerations, update on Music Dance and Drama	
Update – 14/12/2020, page 11 - Dealing with suspected and confirmed case/ cases and outbreak	
Update – 04/01/2021 – page 2 – new links to DfE school's website for up to date guidance and consultation with staff	
Update – 04/01/2021 page 3 – definition of close contact	
Update – 04/01/2021 page 9 - Staff measures to reduce contact and transmission Covid-19.	
Update – 04/01/2021 page 14 – Lateral Flow Testing (Secondary Schools)	

Significant Hazard Section	Control measures in place Additional measures or actions not included in this column below should be put in the assessor's recommendations at the end of this document	Optional: School's comments re. mitigations put in place
Social distancing and reducing risk of transmission		
Definition of close contact	When completing your risk assessment, it is important that your mitigations control measures in all aspects of the school day, considers PHE definition of 'close contact'. The following definition of 'close contact':	All staff to wear face masks in communal areas around the school.
	Manage confirmed cases of coronavirus (COVID-19) amongst the school community. (Close contact means):	Staff to keep distance from each other in communal areas and break out spaces for lunch created for

	 direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected individual for any length of time, within 1 metre, including being coughed on, a face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin) proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected individual travelling in a small vehicle, like a car, with an infected person Focusing on obtaining mitigations they reduce close contact, will reduce staff and pupil absences when there are cases within the school. 	more room. Staff to remain in staff bubble for majority of the time.
Entrance and egress to school site causing large groups of people inside school grounds compromising social distancing.	Stagger drop-off and collection times avoiding any changes to pupils that arrive at school on school transport where possible. Provide information to parents. If possible, only one parent to attend. Use alternative drop off locations where possible. Schools should also have a process for safely removing and disposing of / storing face coverings when pupils and staff who use them arrive at school and communicate it clearly to them, following the recommendations in the government guidance Staying safe outside of your home: face coverings and Guidance for Full Opening. Pupils must be instructed to wash their hands, on arrival.	School Narrative: Grouping of children and entry to school, Entry to school for staff, Minimise contact, Effective and efficient hand cleaning systems • Staggered drop off and collection organised • Face Covering procedure to be installed for children - if required (no transport at present) • Tiddlers entry - Via Rosea Bridge Lane, Tiddlers main entrance - sign in (Room lead report to front office admin) • School entry - Front door - sign in at office • Field gate could be utilised with safeguarding - EHT to decide • Disposal of PPE work to school: Staff should comply with DfE/Gov regulations for the removal of PPE and place them in the white bins provided • Hand Wash routine All parents asked to wear face masks at drop off and pick up.
Parents gathering at school gate not social distancing	Plan parents' drop-off and pick-up protocols that minimise adult to adult contact. Make clear to parents that they cannot gather at entrance gates or doors or enter the site (unless they have a pre-arranged appointment, which should be conducted safely).	School Narrative: Minimise Contact, Entry and exit routes around school Parents drop off times are planned to reduce contact

 High level of communication from
parents to ensure there is no
gathering anywhere on site or at
the gates
Parents only to enter school if they have a pre-arranged
appointment - teachers to use
Class Dojo as a daily contact
resource
Only parents who are
symptom free and or have
completed the required
isolation periods will be
able to drop off or collect
their child
Before children come into
school please ensure they
have washed their hands.
Only 1 parent may drop
off and pick up per family
When parents are waiting
to drop off or collect their
child, physical distancing
should be maintained in a
safe area
Do not linger outside the
school in large groups.
Please social distance.
Parents asked to wear factoring
coverings at drop off and
pick up.
 Contact is to be of an
absolute minimum. Please
be mindful that clothing
and materials carried can
carry the virus.

	Parents are encouraged walk to school wherever possible Parents to park sensibly and to give extended tim for drop off and pick up due to social distancing restrictions Parents to encourage children to enter the school independently without adult support or contact If contact is needed, adu will support the child into school as safely as possible. Staff will only have conta with the child and not the parent. If a child is very distresse with separating from a parent we will ask parent to move away from the gat to try and calm their chill before trying again when the staff member has taken the other children into the classroom. They will then have more time to support the individual child's transition into school if necessary
--	--

Overcrowding in classrooms and corridors.	Children are to be grouped into consistent groups with contact between groups avoided (see Curriculum section below). Desks should be forward facing and spaced as far apart as possible and arranged so that face to face seating is avoided. Set out classrooms where possible to ensure access to outside space and their age appropriate equipment and resources, whilst preventing mixing with other groups. Removal of some furniture may be required to enable this. Reduce movement around the school using timetabling and appropriate selection of classroom or other learning environments. Stagger assembly groups	Social distancing banners, signs and markers already in place for all entrances and exits School Narrative: Minimise Contact, Organisation of Bubbles There will be three main Bubbles. → Nursery → Key Stage 1 → Key Stage 2 Nursery - separate building Including Class 1 and Class 2 (c.60 children) Including Class 3, 4, 5 (c.90 children)
Risk of transmission within EYFS settings	Updated Guidance for EYFS (2 July 2020) to be followed. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-ear-ly-years-and-childcare-closures/coronavirus-covid-19-early-years-and-childcare-closures removes keeping children in small consistent groups within settings, but still minimising mixing where possible taking into consideration increased risk factor to staff.	Nursery to be a seperate bubble EY children and staff remain in nursery only. Nursery set up as a self contained bubble with toilets and staff facilities set up in Nursery
Groups mixing during breaks and lunchtime compromising social distancing.	Staggered break times and ensure appropriate supervision is in place. Use different playground locations where possible Staggered lunchtimes & in set groups with handwashing – tables kept apart. Or lunches delivered to classrooms. Ensuring everyone keeps further apart than normal. Cleaning of tables between uses by different groups.	Break and Lunch Times Children/year groups and staff to have break times at different times of the day. - Children will need to be supervised moving throughout the school, they will not be able to be dismissed and let run. - Children stay within year groups in different zoned areas on the playground

	Class 2	10.15 to 10.30 10.15 to 10.30
		1 10 15 to 10 20
	Class 1	Time
	Classes to classes in classes wl	Break Timetable o play in Bubbles and keep zones - no mixing of here possible. Key stage o be kept separate.
	environm times Named m school dir kitchen Nursery s	to remain in the Nursery ent for break and lunch sember of staff to collect oner from the school taff take breaks using the on as base for lunch and

	school day then use small, consistent groups. Schools can consult the guidance produced for providers who run community activities, holiday clubs, after-school clubs, tuition and other out-of-school provision for children, as much of this will be useful in planning extra-curricular provision. Where parents use childcare providers or out of school extra-curricular activities for their children, schools should encourage parents and carers to seek assurance that the providers are carefully considering their own protective measures, and children should only attend settings that can demonstrate this. DfE have issued guidance for parents and carers, which schools may want to circulate.	possible but within the same overall space - After school club to have their own set of resources - All equipment used will be cleaned between groups PE plan to be revised to ensure non-contact sports and sports that require less shared equipment are taught until further notice DPA timetabled every day that does not require equipment.
Spread of virus due to increased numbers of people within the building.	Inform parents that if their child needs to be accompanied to school only one parent should attend	As above regarding drop off and pick up procedures. No parents on site unless emergencies or planned meetings
Staff	Staff should maintain Public Health guidance of 2m wherever possible. If reduced to 1m as long as mitigations are in place, e.g. not face to face or wearing PPE (face covering doesn't count) or a Perspex screen in place. The priority is always to try to maintain 2m social distancing, but where this cannot be achieved, regular hand washing/cleaning and good respiratory hygiene are also important for both staff and pupils.	 Admin staff to stay in the admin bubble as much as possible and work from home when possible or on a rota system Kitchen staff to remain in the kitchen whilst serving food to ensure they remain 2 m from the children and other staff members.

		 Only office and EHT/AHT allowed in office area Staff to remain 2 meters from each other and pupils wherever possible. Staff to sign in and wash their hands on entry to the school Hand sanitizer, tissues and pedal bins across the school Staff, parents, children and visitors are reminded to use good hand and respiratory hygiene. Posters displayed around the school to remind staff. No parents allowed on premises unless a prior arrangement for a meeting or an emergency GH to communicate new RA with staff and also any updates/amendments RA and accompanying documents to be shared with all staff for input Staff training update on ensuring protective measures are in place
Lateral Flow testing (Primary staff home testing)	Guidance on the coronavirus (COVID-19) LFT testing programme for primary staff home. It is also important to remember that the LFT for staff are only one part of the process and although they are a way of identifying asymptomatic individuals quickly, they are not a replacement for all other fundamental mitigating measures previously in place but should be used alongside. It is vitally important that schools who are using mass testing do not relax other fundamental measures. Key points	LFD - wk bg 18.1.21 - Testing to start week bg 24.1.21 All staff invited to google meet training on LFD testing and all staff given and signed for LFD. Testing is not mandatory but tests to be taken twice

	 Recommended twice weekly before coming into school 3-4 days apart Read guidance and watch video This process is not for releasing people early from Self Isolation It is not mandatory DfE have created the link below for asymptomatic testing for schools to follow. This area contains additional information to support primary schools and staff in preparing and operating home testing LFT. https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1X4fLxy6_ppmpmKrv3 hT2M6cduAN_GS54 	weekly on a Sunday night and Wednesday night. All staff who take the test to communicate results to EHT/AHT and admin via google form All guidance shared with staff It is clear that the LFD tests are not a replacement to all the other protective measures in place; they are an addition to the measures to try and reduce transmission of asymptomatic individuals only.
Premises related matters		
Changes to building use being safe for pupils & staff – e.g. storage, one-way systems, floor tape.	Review the whole school risk assessment (RA22 or equivalent), to ensure control measures remain suitable and in place. Update risk assessments to include any changes that have been necessary (e.g. handwashing, one-way systems, allocation of specific classrooms) and this must include curriculum risk assessments where necessary. Consider how the layout will enable access to outdoor space and the equipment necessary for teaching the year groups. Consider how changes will impact on arrangements such as safe fire evacuation routes (see below).	GH to review whole school RA with BR Tape, posters and markers are already around the school
First Aid procedures – Reduced numbers of first aiders and Paediatric first aider.	Review First Aid risk assessment (RA22 or equivalent). Rota systems in place to ensure adequate numbers of first aid and PFA trained staff. Communication of first aid arrangements during daily briefings. PPE within first aid supplies	Appropriate number of FA in place Refresher FA training needed and any additional staff needing the training previously booked in prior to COVID19 To ensure we have enough FA in each of the bubbles - this will need to be completed remotely
Fire Procedures	Review the fire risk assessment taking into consideration any changes made to the layout, and the impact this may have on fire evacuation and escape routes.	Current Fire procedures in place still valid under lockdown

Water hygiene – management of legionella	Ensure that testing and monitoring regimes are in place for fire detection and alarm systems, fire extinguishers and that any interim arrangements (such as doors propped open where necessary to reduce hand contact), are managed so that they do not compromise fire protection (and security) measures. Review where required fire evacuation routes and assembly points to ensure that social distancing guidelines are being met. Review the water hygiene management plan. Ensure that agreed regimes for flushing and monitoring of temperatures have been maintained throughout any period of closure / partial opening. Where regimes have not been maintained ensure that cleaning and disinfection has taken place prior to reoccupation as per government guidance Managing School Premises during the Covid-19 outbreak.	Fire drill to be scheduled in the first few weeks back from 8th March. Caretaker in place for the weekly flushings Monthly Contractor checks provided by Churchill to comply with Legal Requirements- One Contractor only, , to wear mask, 2 meter distancing, between
		pupils/staff. Anti bac / sanitize between bubbles/classes.
Using and monitoring new practices to reduce risk of Covid-19 transmission	Training of all staff via briefing prior to start – to include contents of this RA, alternative layouts and any changes to fire evacuation routes, use of PPE, location of designated room for suspected cases. Explaining to children about the use of face coverings – to support children with adhering to social distancing. Headteachers and school leaders must monitor arrangements and make remedial actions where needed. Ensure there are opportunities for all employees to raise concerns / make suggestions.	Regular monitoring by AHT and EHT induction into new school routines for children coming into school e.g. use of face coverings
Management of premises related risks e.g. asbestos, delayed statutory testing (LOLER)	Communication arrangements to ensure that requirements and controls are understood by responsible persons (e.g. signing in processes for contractors). If equipment is not within statutory test periods (e.g. lifts and hoists) then it should be taken out of use until the inspection and test can be completed.	Office staff to ensure processes are adhered to.
Staff rooms and offices to comply with social distancing and safe working practice	Numbers of people reduced at one time to allow social distancing – chairs removed/placed apart. Avoiding unnecessary gatherings. Where possible reduce the use of communal / shared facilities such as tea and coffee facilities and encourage staff to bring their own food and utensils. Enhanced cleaning regimes as per below.	Reduced number of staff to use the staff room and shared spaces on a rota. Each bubble to have their own staff lunch/break space Admin to use main staff room Teaching and LSA staff to use staff room in a bubble rotation linked with breaks and staff toilet only Nursery to use their own facilities Office staff to use admin printers where possible Staff are responsible for cleaning shared spaces after use. Kitchen staff to use own toilet and changing facilities

Ventilation to reduce spread	Schools need to balance the need for increased ventilation while maintaining a comfortable temperature, the following measures should also be used as appropriate: • opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts • increasing the ventilation while spaces are unoccupied (e.g. between classes, during break and lunch, when a room is unused) • providing flexibility to allow additional, suitable indoor clothing. For more information see School uniform • rearranging furniture where possible to avoid direct drafts • mechanical ventilation systems – these should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply) • Opening internal doors can also assist with creating a throughput of air natural ventilation – if necessary external opening doors may also be used Where schools believe that ventilation could be improved by leaving fire doors, either internal or external, open, this must only be done once the fire risk assessment has been reviewed and amended. Schools must ensure that systems are in place to close doors in the event of a fire alarm, during breaks if they cannot be monitored or at the end of the day. There is also the security risk of leaving external doors open and therefore there must be procedures in place to mitigate this such as ensuring that they are closed at times when they cannot be sufficiently monitored. • Ventilation to chemical stores should remain operational. It is advisable to use a thermometer to monitor temperatures where opening windows and doors is being used as a mechanism to aid ventilation. For more information on suitable workplace temperatures see HSE: Guidance on temperature in the workplace	Systems already in place All external doors and windows to be kept open to provide maximum ventilation in classroom and office spaces as much as possible Internal doors kept open where appropriate - door stops to be in place Monitor ventilation regularly AHT/EHT Staff made aware of the increased importance of ventilation - children and staff advised to wear more layers in school to keep warm.
Management of waste	Ensure bins for tissues are emptied throughout the day. Follow Guidance on disposal of PPE waste (such as used fluid resistant masks) and Government guidance on disposal of waste, including waste such as wipes and cloths generated by additional cleaning and disposable face coverings where for instance they have been worn for the journey to school. You must make sure that these items are disposed of properly rather than going into recycling bins.	Bin emptying routine as part of the cleaning checklist throughout the day. Additional midday cleaning Pedal bins placed around the school in every classroom

Management of incoming goods	Consider how to manage supplies coming into the school, which takes into consideration SD and hygiene measures. E.g. drop-off point – one person controls the process etc.	Office to maintain procedures for incoming goods.
School owned outdoor play equipment	Promote good hygiene and social distancing using signage and other methods of comms (community noticeboards, school newsletters) to set out: maximum numbers to enable SD, encouraging parents to clean children's hands before and after play, disposal of all rubbish. Consider limiting numbers (e.g. taking out swings), using time limits, one ways systems around pieces of equipment, cleaning regimes if applicable for high traffic touch points such as slides, monkey bars and climbing frames / walls, playhouses and huts, crawl through tunnels and tube slides, exercise equipment, gates, benches and picnic tables, refuse areas and bins. Encourage effective sanitation by users, parents etc. Consult guidance on Managing Outdoor Playgrounds for equipment also used by the community. When used by the school, it must be appropriately cleaned between groups of children and only used by one group at a time.	Bubble timetable for outside spaces The use of equipment outside will be supervised by a staff member who will ensure good hand hygiene and cleaning of equipment after use.
Hiring out premises	Schools should ensure they are considering carefully how to hire out to external bodies or organisations, such as external coaches or after-school or holiday clubs or activities. Such arrangements can only operate within their wider protective measures and should also have regard to any other relevant government guidance. For example, where opening up school leisure facilities for external use, ensuring they do so in line with government guidance on working safely during coronavirus (COVID-19) for providers of grassroots sport and gym or leisure facilities.	N/A
Cleaning and reducing contamination		
Contaminated surfaces spreading virus.	Classroom based resources such as sports, art and science equipment can be used and shared within the bubble. Such resources should be cleaned frequently and meticulously and always between bubbles or rotated to allow them to be left unused and out of reach for a period of 48 hours (72 hours for plastics) between use by different bubbles. In order to facilitate cleaning, remove unnecessary items from learning environments where there is space to	Staff were given time on the professional day and 5th January to prepare the classroom spaces ready for the return in January for lockdown 21
	store them elsewhere. Public health advice is to remove all soft toys, and any toys that are hard to clean, such as those with intricate parts. Where practicable, remove soft furnishings, for example pillows, bean bags and rugs.	Cleaning resources in each classroom Cleaning checklist in each
	In cases where soft furnishings are still in use, they should be laundered by following the guidance in the attached link: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings	classroom and shared areas Soft furnishings removed from class spaces where possible.

	T	
	Consideration should also be given to soft furnishings within Sensory Rooms and where possible these furnishings should be child specific so as to avoid cross contamination. If this is not possible then they should be laundered as per the guidance contained in the above link. Follow government guidance for working in education and childcare if a someone becomes ill with suspected COVID-19 at the setting. Follow guidance on Cleaning and decontamination of non-health care settings.	Where soft furnishings essential all are laundered following guidelines.
Shared resources and equipment increasing spread	Prevent the sharing of stationery and other equipment where possible Suitable procedures in place for managing access to items of 'heavy use' such a photocopiers to maintain social distancing. Enhanced cleaning regimes.	Each child will be allocated their own resources in a plastic zippy wallet Shared resources will be wiped regularly Each class will have their own set of resources
Cleaning staff and hygiene contractor's capacity - providing additional requirements	Discuss with cleaning contractors or staff the additional cleaning requirements and agree additional hours to allow for this. Ensure cleaning products being used are suitable and that adequate supplies of cleaning materials are available. See <u>Safe working in education and childcare</u> for guidance on PPE and guidance on <u>cleaning non-health care settings</u> . Put in place an enhanced cleaning schedule and establish more frequent cleaning of shared areas or those used by different groups. Additional guidance on cleaning of non-health care settings is to be published by Public Health England by the end of the summer term.	Extra cleaning required to support the cleaning ongoing after school - this has been implemented and a new cleaner employed in September 3 cleaners across the school focusing on different sections of the school Additional cleaning resources will be needed to support additional cleaning and sharing of resources.
Sufficient handwashing facilities for staff and pupils	Where a sink is not nearby, provide supervised access to hand sanitiser in classrooms and other learning environments. Plan in regular access to facilities throughout the day. Provide additional sinks where possible. Ensure enough handwash and sanitiser stations are available based on what you have learned from usage to date.	Antibacterial hand gel in every classroom and areas around school Antibacterial hand gel in the main entrance area Sinks are in every classroom and in the toilets Children and adults required to wash their hands on entry to school

		Posters around every sink promoting hand washing routine New outside sinks installed in the Autumn term to support hand washing before retuning to classrooms after break and lunchtime.
Additional time for staff and pupils to carry out handwashing	Frequent hand cleaning as part of a normal routine. Stagger regular access to handwashing facilities through the day. Build routines into behaviour expectations and school culture.	Planned into the day - On entry before and after use of any shared equipment before and after break and lunch times Additional outside sink has replaced the water fountain
Handwashing practice with children	Review the guidance on hand cleaning and introduce hand washing songs for younger children. Ensure that help is available for children and young people who have trouble cleaning their hands independently. See guidance and resources available at <u>e Bug</u> . Consider risks around ingestion of sanitiser and where this is a risk substitute for skin friendly sanitiser wipes for young children / those with complex needs.	As above - posters around school promoting handwashing Supervision of handwashing needed for some children
Good respiratory hygiene	Promote 'catch it, bin it, kill it' ensuring that enough tissues and bins are available. Support should be provided for young children and those with complex needs, particularly where children spit / use saliva. In such cases this should be considered within the pupil's individual risk assessment.	Posters up and around school Use of foot pedal bins to support protective measures Teachers to discuss the use of the bins when children return and the good respiratory hygiene
Sufficient supplies of soap and cleaning products	Discuss with suppliers and contractors to ensure sufficient supplies and deliveries. Use regular detergents and bleach. Review COSHH assessments (RA05) and implement additional controls required where there has been any change in products.	BR, Caretaker and cleaners to monitor supplies of cleaning products to ensure classrooms well stocked Cleaners to ensure all classrooms have the appropriate products in their classrooms Caretaker/AHT/EHT to check
Toilets being overcrowded	Limit the number of children or young people who use the toilet facilities at one time. Visiting the toilet one after the other if necessary. Different groups don't need to be allocated their own toilet blocks, but toilets will need to be cleaned	Each year group bubble will have access to different toilets

	regularly and pupils must be encouraged to clean their hands thoroughly after using the toilet.	Teaching staff to have access to the staff toilet Nursery staff to have access to the TS toilet Kitchen staff to have access to the kitchen toilet Children will only be allowed to go to the toilet 1 at a time or 2 at a time where SD protocols can be maintained and supervised
Staff related issues		
Staff measures to reduce contact and transmission Covid-19. New variant of the Covid-19 virus. It is also noted that the new variant may present an increased risk amongst children and young people who present as - asymptomatic.	When assessing the return to full opening the following section of the DfE guidance must be followed: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools#section-1-public-health-advice-to-minimise-coronavirus-covid-19-risks Where this cannot be met, then the school must record why and what other control measures they will adopt. All teachers and other staff can operate across different classes and year groups in order to facilitate the delivery of the school timetable. Where staff need to move between classes and year groups, they should try and keep their distance from pupils and other staff as much as they can, ideally 2 metres from other adults and should avoid close face to face contact and minimise time spent within 1 metre of anyone. Similarly, it will not be possible when working with many pupils who have complex needs or who need close contact care. These pupils' educational and care support should be provided as normal. When considering the return of non-teaching staff school leaders should recognise the wider government policy that staff who can work from home should do so and apply this where feasible (e.g. in administrative roles). Focusing on control measures that reduce close contact, will reduce the number of staff and pupils required to self-isolate when there are cases within the school. PHE have identified issues that have arisen in IMTs in schools and some adjustments are being made by schools as a result. There may be difficult to	 Morning and after school club to be in bubbles inline with school bubbles where possible and limited use only Morning briefings to take place in the school hall from 8.30am not the staff room Staff meetings after school virtual LSA's to work within allocated bubbles as much as possible PPA specialist teachers moving across classrooms to maintain SD where possible. Admin and kitchen staff to remain in their staff bubble where possible All staff to wear face
	implement due to disruption to learning or operational issues. But schools are also identifying that actually having positive cases and seeing the impact on numbers being sent home to self-isolate (staff and pupils) will also affect learning and operational issues.	coverings - All staff to remain distanced from each other 2m wherever possible

	Mitigating measures that will reduce the number of close contacts between individuals and therefore numbers required to self-isolate as the result of a positive case in the school: - Reducing bubble sizes, - reducing face to face meetings (move to video calling if appropriate), - reducing or eliminating the number of staff and pupils mixing across year groups/ classes at lunch, breaks, staff rooms etc reducing or eliminating the movement around the school of pupils and teaching staff, - reducing or eliminating the movement across bubbles of pupils and teaching staff, - no car sharing between staff to school - keeping to the 2m distancing (for teachers especially) if at all possible Other measures that will reduce the spread of the virus in the school – face coverings, thorough regular cleaning regimes throughout the day (of hands and of hard surfaces/ high use touch points), catch it bin it, kill it messages.	 All staff to remain within their bubble as much as possible Teaching across bubbles to be kept to a minimum only for essential PPA or cover
Managing supply teachers, visitors, contractors and other temporary visiting staff.	Supply teachers, peripatetic teachers and/or other temporary staff can move between schools. They should ensure they minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from other staff. Specialists, therapists, clinicians and other support staff for pupils with SEND should provide interventions as usual. Schools should consider how to manage other visitors to the site, such as contractors, catering staff and deliveries, as well as cleaning staff and site staff who may be working throughout the school and across different groups / sites. This will require close cooperation between both schools and the other relevant employers. Schools should have discussions with key contractors about the school's control measures and ways of working as part of planning for the autumn term and ensure site guidance on physical distancing and hygiene is explained to visitors on or before arrival. Where visits can happen outside of school hours, they should. A record should be kept of all visitors. It is important that staff who are managing supply teachers, visitors, contractors and other temporary visiting staff are conversant with SD and hygiene protocols within the school.	 PPA and specialist teachers to maintain SD as much as possible. Any temporary visiting staff working closely with SEND children to wear PPE and follow hygiene protocols.
Insufficient staff capacity to deal with increased numbers of pupils - Shortage of teachers to maintain staff to pupil ratios	If there are any shortages of teachers to teach the number of classes, appropriately trained teaching assistants can be allocated to lead a group, working under the direction of a teacher. Careful planning of the year groups/classes should be undertaken based on staff availability. Supply	We only have 3 D grade LSA's in school to cover classes. LSA's need to be paid as a D grade cover supervisor if they were required to

	teachers and other peripatetic staff can be engaged where necessary. See 'school Workforce' section of the DfE guidance: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools#section-1-public-health-advice-to-minimise-coronavirus-covid-19-risks	cover a class for the hours they covered the class as a temporary claim - agreed by board July 2020
Anxiety levels of staff and community causing breakdown in staffing ratios, compromising group sizes.	Talk to staff about (and/or put in writing) the plans (for example, safety measures, timetable changes and staggered arrival and departure times), including a discussion on whether training would be helpful. If appropriate, seek GP or occupational health advice. Where the member of staff has anxieties about returning, this conversation can be held and recorded using the 'Risk assessment for all staff including vulnerable groups' - https://devoncc.sharepoint.com/:w:/s/PublicDocs/Education/ESoXeZkAQylLupPG5VVG6yQB2iEFDD4pgkko5qBbtOSEkw?e=040Qiy Further advice is available from HR if required.	RA to be shared with staff Communicate regularly with staff via email/google meetings to keep them updated Follow any return to work procedures for staff signed off with anxiety and implement a return to work RA
Staff understanding of new changes – safe practice at work & in classroom. Teaching in a safe environment	Talk to staff about the plans (for example, safety measures, timetable changes and staggered arrival and departure times), including discussing whether training would be helpful.	Please see above Staff to complete a Google form to state that they have read, understood and will follow the RA100 and procedures to ensure safety of the whole community.
Accessing testing arrangements are clear for all staff	Guidance about testing, including the NHS 'Test and Trace' service, is available via this link https://inside.devon.gov.uk/task/guidance-for-dealing-with-coronavirus-covid-1 9/essential-worker-testing/	Communication regarding test and trace to all staff is clear.
Conditions for use of fluid resistant face mask and other equipment when dealing with a symptomatic child are clear and understood by staff.	If a child, young person or other learner becomes unwell with symptoms of coronavirus while in their setting and needs direct personal care until they can return home a face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 meters cannot be maintained. If contact with the child or young person is necessary, then gloves, an apron and a face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If a risk assessment determines that there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn Ensuring that fluid resistant face masks are available for all schools and that a supply is maintained. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care/safe-working-in-education-childcare-social-care-settings-including-the-use-of-personal-protective-equipment-ppe	PPE available - face shields, face masks, aprons and gloves available to wear if a child becomes unwell Isolation room available and set up for this More PPE ordered to support greater use of PPE and face coverings/shields in school during lockdown Jan 21
Assessment of all staff, including high risk staff with vulnerable / shielding family member, underlying health conditions or other risk factors	Staff deemed to be clinically extremely vulnerable and clinically vulnerable can return to school in the Autumn term subject to school leaders confirmation that the school is 'covid-secure', i.e. that every reasonable step has been taken to ensure the safety of children, staff, premises and community and that the full measures as provided in the DfE guidance have been applied.	County HR approved letters sent to all staff in this category

	A risk assessment should be undertaken with clinically extremely vulnerable and clinically vulnerable staff returning to the school, especially where they are returning to the school for the first time since the pandemic commenced. A risk assessment should also be undertaken (or reviewed/updated if one was previously undertaken) with staff who may be anxious about returning to school and/or due to the increased numbers. The 'Risk assessment for all staff including vulnerable groups' can be used to aid and record this assessment - https://devoncc.sharepoint.com/:w:/s/PublicDocs/Education/ESoXeZkAQylLup PG5VVG6yQB2iEFDD4pgkko5qBbtOSEkw?e=040Qiy	Meetings are arranged regarding returning in September for appropriate staff. RA to monitored regularly by AHT Some staff shielding due to being on the extremely critically vulnerable lits and have a letter from the NHS until March 31st Staff are encouraged to work from home where possible to do so e.g. Admin staff
Staff use of PPE	Pupils whose care routinely already involves the use of PPE due to their intimate care needs will continue to receive their care in the same way. Follow guidance https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care-settings-including-the-use-of-personal-protective-equipment-ppe Guidance on the appropriate selection and use of PPE from DCC can be found here: http://devon.cc/ppe	Staff to use PPE for any intimate care requirements where appropriate. All staff to wear face coverings around school
Use of face coverings Lack of understanding	Guidance on the use of face coverings for pupils in year 7 and above should be followed with consideration given to communal areas such as corridors where social distancing is hard to maintain. Additional precautionary measures should also be taken where local restrictions apply. Adequate training / briefing on use and safe disposal Follow guidance on putting on and taking off standard PPE https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-personal-protective-equipment-use-for-non-aerosol-generating-procedures and above guidance on use in education settings.	Use of face coverings in communal areas and when walking around school and classrooms.
Dealing with suspected and confirmed case/ cases and outbreak.	Dealing with suspected and confirmed case/ cases and outbreak. ALWAYS contact the local Health Protection Team if one of the following: 1) The symptomatic person has been admitted to Hospital 2) The Possible case REFUSES testing 3) There are a cluster of possible cases/unexpected increase in absenteeism 4) The Possible case has DEFINITE link to a confirmed case 5) ALL confirmed cases. Manage confirmed cases of coronavirus (COVID-19) amongst the school community. (Close contact means): • direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected individual for any length of time, within 1 metre, including being coughed on, a	Ensure accurate records of staff and pupils are maintained to enable public health contact tracking and test regimes. Follow the guidance for any suspected case

face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin) • proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected individual • travelling in a small vehicle, like a car, with an infected person https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-cor onavirus-outbreak/quidance-for-full-opening-schools#soc If a child or staff member in your education setting becomes symptomatic, you should advise them to access testing through the normal channels. However, in exceptional circumstances when you do not think a child or staff member would be able to access testing by these routes, you should consider using one of the school provided home test kits to improve the chances that the individual will get tested. See the <u>DfE auidance on test kits for schools</u>. If you have any infection control concerns or questions, please call the South West Health Protection Team on 0300 303 8162 or email swhpt@phe.gov.uk. If the matter is not urgent you can also email ask.swhpt@phe.gov.uk. For ALL SUSPECTED OR CONFIRMED CASE IN SCHOOL ALWAYS inform the local authority by emailing educate.schoolsprioritvalerts-mailbox@devon.gov.uk Devon County Council's Local Outbreak Management Plan (LOMP) is available here: https://www.devon.gov.uk/coronavirus-advice-in-devon/lomp/. If there is a confirmed case, a complex situation or an outbreak is declared in your setting you may be asked to join an Incident Management Team or Outbreak Control Team Meeting. Schools should up-date the Schools **Emergency Plan** to incorporate the above links. The following resources should also be referred to in the event of cases at the setting: Educational settings Action cards PHE SW HPT: Flowchart for childcare and Educational settings V 4 Schools should also consider their contingency planning for outbreaks, including local outbreaks - using the Actions for Schools Guidance Section 5 Pupil related issues

Vulnerable groups who are clinically, extremely vulnerable.	Shielding advice for all adults and children will pause on 1 August meaning that even the small number of pupils who will remain on the shielded patient list can also return to school, as can those who have family members who are shielding. Covid-19 shielding guidance from the Royal College of Paediatrics for children and young persons should be followed, and those under the care of a specialist encouraged to discuss their return to school. Any additional temporary recommendations received from local health agencies due to localised higher rates of transmission should be implemented as required.	Meetings planned for vulnerable children and RA to be implemented for each vulnerable individual child returning
Children with EHCP and pupils who attend dual settings	A risk assessment should be completed before attendance. For dual settings work through the system of controls collaboratively, enabling any risks identified to be addressed and allowing the joint delivery of a broad and balanced curriculum for the child	RA completed for EHCP children
Pupils unable to follow guidance	Some pupils will need additional support to follow these measures. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-implementing-protective-measures-in-education-and-childcare-settings/coronavirus-covid-19-implementing-protective-measures-in-education-and-childcare-settings	BCP to be implemented for pupils at risk of not adhering to guidance Covid behaviour policy implemented, COVID behaviour expectations to support this.
Pupils equipment	Pupils to limit the amount of equipment they bring into school each day, to essentials For individual and very frequently used equipment, such as pencils and pens, it is recommended that staff and pupils have their own items that are not shared.	Children to be provided with individual zippy wallets, limited equipment coming in and out of school
Member of a class becoming unwell with COVID-19	If a child is awaiting collection, they will be moved to a room where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age of the child and with appropriate adult supervision if required. Ideally, a window should be opened for ventilation. If it is not possible to isolate them, move them to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people. Allocate a suitable room for this purpose and communicate intentions to staff. Ensure suitable PPE (including fluid resistant face mask) is available at this location.	Isolation room to be in the numbers count room with appropriate ventilation and PPE
School Uniform	Uniforms do not need to be cleaned any more often than usual, nor do they need to be cleaned using methods which are different from normal.	School uniform to be worn daily PE kit to be worn on days when children have PE
Transport		
Travel to school and provision of safe school transport:	Consider school transport arrangements and where possible encourage parents and children and young people to walk or cycle to school where possible. Liaise with School Transport Team where further consideration needs to be given to taxi and escort services.	Parents will be encouraged to walk to school and follow staggered start and different entrance/exit sites to avoid overcrowding

Dedicated school transport, including transport-to-school-and-other-places-of-education-autumn-term-2020 School minibus used for swimming statutory provision Although there is no requirement for students to sit with the group of students when the pool is open for use. or "bubble" with which they are educated, students should sit in year groups as far as possible when travelling – this will be in ascending year groups front to Face coverings to be worn on the back (youngest students at the front of the vehicle). Schools may even wish to bus by adults. Only one bubble at a time to attend swimming draw up seating arrangements on vehicles. Consider how you are going to "police" any seating arrangements as this is not (No swimming since Oct due to the driver's responsibility – their role is to focus on driving the vehicle safely. lockdown restrictions - we hope to Any arrangements will require clear communication between schools and restart after Easter) families/students, and school staff should initially be on hand at the end of each day to assist the students. Where possible, transport operators will aim to keep windows on home to school transport open to increase ventilation; or use air conditioning. Ensure organised queuing/boarding and distancing within vehicles if possible. Face coverings & PPE It is now the law that people age 11 and over must wear a face covering on public transport. This law does not apply to school transport. However, DCC, supported by PHE, **recommend** that people aged 11 and over wear a face covering when travelling on dedicated school transport from the start of the autumn term. However, there are some exemptions: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-safer-transp ort-quidance-for-operators/coronavirus-covid-19-safer-transport-quidance-for-o perators#exemptions-from-mandatory-face-coverings Face coverings should not be worn by those who may not be able to handle them as directed (for example, young students, or those with special educational needs or disabilities) as it may inadvertently increase the risk of transmission. Drivers may wear face coverings if they wish to, although guidance indicates that PPE is not normally needed on home to school transport. Loading for vehicles above nine Transport Co-ordination Service will work with operators, schools and parents passenger seats to manage arrangements for organised queueing and boarding. Students should be asked to respect the driver's personal space and hold back from entering the vehicle until the driver has indicated it is safe to do so, and then do so one by one in an orderly manner. They should hold their bus pass so it is visible to the driver (and produce for closer examination if requested). Seats alongside or immediately to the rear of the driver may be out of use and if so, would be clearly marked as "out of use" by the operator. ALL students will be expected to abide by the DCC Code of Conduct Good practice & personal care Students, drivers and escorts should clean their hands, before boarding home to school transport and when arriving at school or home. It should not normally be necessary for students to clean their hands during the journey.

	Coughs/sneezes – students/parents to be given guidance on good management of coughs and sneezes, in line with the "catch it, bin it, kill it" approach – this will be reinforced in schools. Students should be encouraged to carry tissues on home to school transport. These will need to be disposed of in a covered bin. Where it is not possible to have a bin on board, schools	
Carriage of passengers with	should have a suitable disposal process on arrival.	
symptoms	Parents must be advised that students MUST NOT board home to school transport, if they or a member of their household has symptoms of coronavirus. Any child, young person or other learner who starts displaying coronavirus symptoms while at their setting should be sent home immediately. They must not travel on home to school transport. The school should contact the parent or carer who should make arrangements for the child or young person's journey home. In exceptional circumstances, where this is not possible, and where a symptomatic child or young person or other passenger needs to be transported to their home, you must contact the Transport Coordination Service at DCC. Transport Coordination Service will work with Public Health colleagues to manage any virus outbreak. Students, drivers and passenger assistants who have been in contact with someone that has developed symptoms whilst at school or on home to school transport do not need to go home to self-isolate unless; • they develop symptoms themselves (in which case, they should arrange a test) or	
Children with Special Educational Needs:	 the symptomatic person subsequently tests positive (see below) or if they have been requested to do so by NHS Test and Trace. 	
	When deciding on the package of measures that is appropriate on transport for children and young people with special educational needs, Transport Coordination Service will need to take account of the particular needs of the children using the transport and will work with the parents and school.	
Wider public transport	It is the law that you must wear a face covering when travelling in England on public transport. Some people don't have to wear a face covering including for health, age or equality reasons. Some transport staff may not wear a face covering if it is not required for their job. You should also wear a face covering in other enclosed spaces where it is difficult to maintain social distancing. For example, at stations and in taxis and private hire vehicles. A taxi driver or private hire vehicle operator may be entitled to refuse to accept you if you do not wear a face covering.	N/A
School Transport arrangements support changes to school times	Any alternative access arrangements for when students arrive at the school grounds should be communicated via the school to families/students. Liaising with the School Transport Team before change are made. Follow government guidance	Individual county approved and transport arrangements for individual families e.g. Taxi service funded through devon schools

	https://www.gov.uk/guidance/working-safely-during-coronavirus-covid-19/vehicles	transport to follow guidelines and wear face coverings in the taxi.
Curriculum considerations		
Planned return to normal curriculum in all subjects by Summer Term 2021	Substantial modification to the curriculum may be needed at the start of the year, so teaching time should be prioritised to address significant gaps in pupils' knowledge with the aim of returning to the school's normal curriculum content by no later than summer term 2021.	 MAT wide strategy to concentrate on effective pedagogy to identify and close gaps
Suspension of some subjects for some pupils in exceptional circumstances.	Schools should be able to show that this is in the best interests of these pupils and this should be subject to discussion with parents during the autumn term. They should also have a coherent plan for returning to their normal curriculum for all pupils by the summer term 2021.	To be reviewed on an individual basis as part of an BCP
Music, dance and drama activities	Schools should note that there may be an additional risk of infection in environments where you or others are singing, chanting, playing wind or brass instruments or shouting and also in drama and dance activities. As a result, schools must refer to the detailed <u>Guidance for Music. Dance and Drama</u> as well as <u>Guidance for the Performing Arts and</u> should take particular care to observe social distancing which may limit numbers taking part in group activity, and prevent physical correction by teachers, and contact between pupils in drama and dance.	Curriculum modifications and subject specific risk assessment for music to be implemented
	Schools should keep any background or accompanying music to levels which do not encourage teachers or other performers to raise their voices unduly. If possible, use microphones to reduce the need for shouting or prolonged periods of loud speaking or singing. If possible, do not share microphones. If they are shared, follow the guidance on handling-equipment	
	If planning an indoor or outdoor face-to-face performance in front of a live audience, schools should follow the latest advice in the DCMS <u>performing arts</u> guidance, implementing events in the lowest risk order as described. If planning an outdoor performance they should also give particular consideration to the guidance on delivering <u>outdoor events</u> .	
	Schools should consider risk reduction measure such as physical distancing and playing and singing outside wherever possible, limiting group sizes, positioning pupils back-to-back or side-to-side, avoiding sharing of instruments, and ensuring good ventilation. The guidance should be consulted for further information relating to: - peripatetic music staff, - cleaning and handling of equipment, - singing and playing brass and woodwind instruments - Avoiding sharing of musical instruments	

	- Handling scripts	
Physical activity in schools	Pupils should be kept in consistent groups, sports equipment thoroughly cleaned between each use by different individual groups, and contact sports avoided. Outdoor sports should be prioritised where possible, and large indoor spaces used where it is not, maximising distancing between pupils and paying scrupulous attention to cleaning and hygiene. This is particularly important in a sports setting because of the way in which people breathe during exercise. External facilities can also be used in line with government guidance for the use of, and travel to and from, those facilities. Schools should refer to the following advice: • quidance on the phased return of sport and recreation and guidance from Sport England for grassroot sport • advice from organisations such as the Association for Physical Education and the Youth Sport Trust Schools are able to work with external coaches, clubs and organisations for curricular and extra-curricular activities where they are satisfied that this is safe to do so. Schools should consider carefully how such arrangements can operate within their wider protective measures. Activities such as active miles, making break times and lessons active and encouraging active travel help enable pupils to be physically active while encouraging physical distancing.	Curriculum modifications and subject specific risk assessment for music to be implemented
Practical science, art and D&T lessons	Guidance from CLEAPSS should be followed when planning practical lessons, using resources such as the <u>Guide to doing practical science work during Covid-19</u> , <u>Guide to doing practical work in D&T. food and art</u> , <u>Carrying out practical science work in non-lab environments</u> and for primaries <u>Practical activities in a bubble</u> . Schools must ensure that they stay up to date with the latest guidance in these specialist areas.	Curriculum modifications and subject specific risk assessment for music to be implemented
Educational visits	All educational visits should be planned and risk assessed following the usual school procedures and taking into consideration the information in the guidance at: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools#educational-visits For additional information check with EVOLVE guidance on the website.	Any planned trips and experiences to enrich the curriculum provision planned following school procedures Evolve systems to be implemented No residential overnight trips until further notice No trips

Groups of children mixing resulting in risk of more widespread transmission	Children should be grouped into consistent groups that do not mix to enable track and trace and self-isolation where necessary. Maintaining distinct groups or 'bubbles' that do not mix makes it quicker and easier in the event of a positive case to identify those who may need to self-isolate and keep that number as small as possible. Groups should be as small as possible whilst providing the full range of curriculum subjects and for primary this is likely to be up to the size of a year group. When using larger groups the other measures from the system of controls become even more important, to minimise transmission risks and to minimise the numbers of pupils and staff who may need to self-isolate. Whatever the size of the group, they should be kept apart from other groups where possible and older children should be encouraged to keep their distance within groups. Schools with the capability to do it should take steps to limit interaction, sharing of rooms and social spaces between groups as much as possible. It is accepted that the youngest children cannot socially distance from each other or staff. Measures should be combined and implemented as far as is possible at all times (even if not always achieved 100% of the time). Large gatherings such as assemblies and with more than one group should be avoided.	Organisation of Bubbles There will be 3 main bubbles. - Nursery - KS1 - KS2 Within the 3 bubbles, year group classes will stay separated within their classes as much as possible but the main bubbles will be needed for staggered break times and lunchtimes and use of the canteen plus the KS2 toilets Some staff will move across year groups and bubbles due to PPA, MTA cover, morning and afterschool club provision. Movement of staff kept to a minimum e.g. PPA/EH support
Provision of food		
Food prepared on premises is compliant with Covid - 19 health and hygiene guidance	School kitchens must comply with the Guidance for food businesses on coronavirus (COVID-19)	 RA in place regarding food preparation New menu implemented on school money system Plates and cutlery in place
Catering staff are operating in a safe environment	Catering staff to follow the relevant aspects of government guidance for food premises: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/working-safely-during-coronavirus-covid-19/restaurants-offering-takeaway-or-delivery	 Catering staff to remain in the kitchen bubble Catering staff to remain 2 m from the children Plates and cutlery to be placed immediately in soapy water before returned to the kitchen

Communications with resents and		 Kitchen staff to wear appropriate PPE 2 m markers to be adhered to within the kitchen environment
Communications with parents and others		
Parents, contractors and other staff entering or working in the building – school complying with external requirements for staff safety	Tell parents, carers or any visitors, such as suppliers, not to enter the education or childcare setting if they are displaying any symptoms of coronavirus. Inform all visitors, suppliers, and contractors that only pre-arranged calls will be allowed on site. Publish a site telephone number in case of immediate access required.	No parents on school site unless for an approved meeting e.g. TAF or an emergency Ensure deliveries outside of peak times Admin to check contractors and give them procedures to read and ensure they adhere to social distancing. Procedures for contractors to be displayed MAT to check regular contractors risk assessments
Suppliers understanding and complying with new arrangements	Discuss new arrangements with suppliers and deliveries to be arranged for quiet times or outside school hours	MAT have contacted all contractors School to ensure any school based suppliers understand the new arrangements and deliver outside of peak times
Communications to parents and staff	Regular communications	Ensure weekly communication with parents via email and class dojo Information posted on school website/google classroom/shared story class dojo Weekly information sent to all staff
Pupils and families anxious about return	Support in place to address concerns and communications with parents on measures in place to reduce anxiety. Clear messaging on expectations for attendance and identification of those who may be disengaged, disadvantaged or vulnerable and where catch up funding may need to be applied.	Regular communication to reduce anxiety. Individual plans for children to reduce anxiety
Parent aggression due to anxiety and stress.	Tell parents their allocated drop off and collection times and the process for doing so, including protocols for minimising adult to adult contact (for example, which entrance to use) to reduce anxiety	To ensure regular communication regarding procedures in school Referral to Early Help support if necessary
Oversight of the governing body		

Lack of governor oversight during the COVID-19 crisis leads to the school failing to meet statutory requirements	The governing body continues to meet regularly via online platforms. The governing body agendas are structured to ensure all statutory requirements are discussed and school leaders are held to account for their implementation. The Headteacher's report to governors includes content and updates on how the school is continuing to meet its statutory obligations in addition to covering the school's response to COVID-19. Regular dialogue with the Chair of Governors and those governors with designated responsibilities is in place. Minutes of governing body meetings are reviewed to ensure that they accurately record governors' oversight and holding leaders to account for areas of statutory responsibility.	Planned LSC meetings for each term. Regular communication with LSC to ensure they are aware of any updated COVID guidance LSC sent RA EHT meeting with LSC chairs regularly through google meet
--	--	---

Section	List Actions / Additional Control Measures	Date action to be carried out	Person Responsible
	Please see updates in red		

Signed: Headteacher/Head of Department: Date

The outcome of this assessment should be shared with the relevant staff.

A copy of the completed assessment to be kept on file and copied to the Health & Safety Co-ordinator.